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Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000039 ECO EPD Ref. No. 000165 This is to verify that the

Issue 02

Environmental Product Declaration

provided by:

Sika Ltd.

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

and **BRE Global Scheme Document SD207**

This declaration is for: Sikaplan S / Sika-Trocal S

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EPD





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EPD

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Environmental Product Declaration

EPD Number: 000039

General Information

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom www.bre.co.uk	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool
Sika Ltd Watchmead Welwyn Garden City AL7 1BQ United Kingdom	Sika Technology AG Tüffenwies 16 8048 Zurich Switzerland www.sika.com/sustainability
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage
1 m ² of Sikaplan S / Sika-Trocal S	Product Average.
ЕРД Туре	Background database
Cradle to Gate with options	ecoinvent and GaBi
Demonstr	ation of Verification
CEN standard EN 1	5804 serves as the core PCR ^a
Independent verification of the declar	ation and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010
	oriate ^b)Third party verifier: Pat Hermon
a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandator	y for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)
Co	omparability
EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dep	programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with bendent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries lause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance

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Information modules covered

1	Produc	t	Const	ruction	Rel	ated to		Use sta Iding fa	<u> </u>		ted to uilding		End-	of-life		Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
V	\checkmark	V	Ø	Ø								V		V	V	V

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

Manufacturing site(s)

Sika Trocal GmbH Muelheimer Str. 26 53840 Troisdorf Germany

Construction Product:

Product Description

Sika-Trocal S is a homogeneous, multi-layer, synthetic roof waterproofing sheet based on premium-quality polyvinyl chloride (PVC) according to EN 13956. Sika-Trocal S is available in the following thicknesses: 1.5 mm (Sika-Trocal S 1.5 mm) and 2.0 mm (Sika-Trocal S 2.0 mm).

Technical Information

Property	Value, Unit
Water tightness to EN 1928	Pass
Joint peel resistance as per EN 12316-2	≥ 300 N/5 <mark>0</mark> mm
Joint shear resistance as per EN 12317-2	≥ 500 N/50 mm
Water vapour transmission properties as per EN 1931	μ = 20'000
Tensile stress - longitudinal (machine direction) as per EN 12311-2	≥ 12 N/mm²
Tensile stress - transversal (cross machine direction) as per EN 12311-2	≥ 12 N/mm²
Elongation - longitudinal (machine direction) as per EN 12311-2	≥ 250%
Elongation - transversal (cross machine direction) as per EN 12311-2	≥ 250%
Tear strength - longitudinal (machine direction) as per EN 12310-2	≥ 100 N
Tear strength - transversal (cross machine direction) as per EN 12310-2	≥ 100 N

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Property	Value, Unit
Dimension stability - longitudinal (machine direction) as per EN 1107-2	≤ 2.0 %
Dimension stability - transversal (cross machine direction) as per EN 1107-2	≤ 2.0 %
Foldability at low temperature as per EN 495-5	≤ -25 °C
UV exposure as per EN 1297	Pass, > 5'000 h

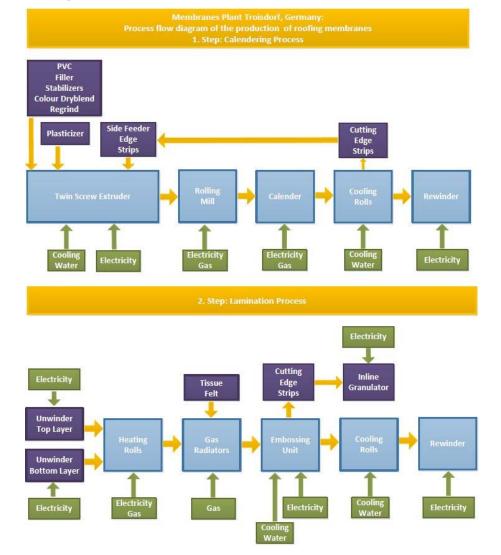
Main Product Contents

Material/Chemical Input	%
Pigment	0 - 8
Fire retardant (inorganic)	0 – 3
Stabiliser (UV/Heat)	0 - 2
Plasticiser (Phthalate)	34 - 38
Polyvinyl chloride / PVC	50 - 70

Manufacturing Process

The membranes are produced on an "in-line compounding" calendering line and subsequently finished on a lamination line. The polymers, plasticiser, recycling materials and the main additives are fed directly into the extruder. Colour pigments and some special additives are mixed to a dry blend before fed into the extruder. Via a rolling mill the melted plastic get formed between the calendar rolls to a flat membrane, cooled down and wound up to jumbo rolls. The edge trimming is fed back directly into the extruder. On the lamination line the top and back layer of the membrane and the reinforcement as well are welded together by using gas radiators and wounded up again to jumbo rolls. Afterwards the membrane is cut down to customer rolls and packaged on pallets.

Process flow diagram



Construction Installation

Sika-Trocal S roof waterproofing membrane is mechanically fastened to exposed flat roofs, either by fastening in seam overlaps or field fastening with the Sika-Trocal disc system.

Sheet overlap cold welded with Sika-Trocal THF Welding Agent.

Edges must be sealed with Sika-Trocal Seam Sealant.

Hot welding equipment suitable for homogeneous membranes can also be used and is required for detailing. Please see <u>www.sikatrocal.co.uk</u> for datasheet.

Use Information

Installation works must be carried out only by Sika instructed contractors for roofing and according to the valid installation instructions of manufacturer for Sika-Trocal S - types for mechanically fastened roofs.

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Reference Service Life

The reference service life of Sika-Trocal S is at least 35 years. According to Agrément Certificate 09/4668 all available evidence indicates that under normal service conditions the products will provide durable waterproof coverings with a service life in excess of 35 years

End of Life

The membrane can be recycled, or disposed of in incinerator or landfill. As shown in the "Scenarios and Additional Technical Information", for this EPD an incineration scenario was taken.

Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

Declared / Functional unit description

1 m² of Sika-Trocal S roof waterproofing sheet (reinforced PVC membrane) for a reference service life of 35 years.

System boundary

In accordance with the modular approach as defined in EN 15804, this cradle to gate with options EPD includes the product stage (A1-A3), construction process stage (A4-A5), and end-of-life stage (C1-C4).

Data sources, quality and allocation

The primary data provided by Sika derive from the plant at Troisdorf, Germany for 2014. Background LCI datasets are taken from the databases of GaBi software and ecoinvent Version 2.2. All datasets are less than 10 years old. Production waste that was reclaimed and reused internally was simulated as closed-loop recycling in Modules A1-A3. Benefits from incineration of product and for the disposal of packaging are credited in Module D; this also applies to the reuse of wooden pallets.

Cut-off criteria

All data was taken into consideration (recipe constituents, thermal energy used, electricity used). Transportation was considered for all inputs and outputs. The manufacturing of the production machines and systems and associated infrastructure were not taken into account in the LCA.

LCA Results

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

r al ameter s	describing e		linentai	inipacis					
			GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF
			kg CO₂ equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO₂ equiv.	kg (PO₄)³- equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
r Toudet Stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	5.33	7.12E-08	0.0158	0.00217	0.00301	0.00927	125
Construction	Transport	A4	0.106	2.55E-13	0.000387	8.88E-05	4.60E-05	5.00E-09	1.45
process stage	Construction	A5	0.779	7.12E-09	0.00183	0.000239	0.000313	0.000927	13.00
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
End of life	Transport	C2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Waste processing	C3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Disposal	C4	5.25	2.98E-11	0.0073	0.000245	0.000182	2.21E-06	11.9
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-1.4	-2.19E-09	-0.0031	-0.00032	-2.64E-04	-3.86E-07	-24.1

GWP = Global Warming Potential; ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential;

AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water; EP = Eutrophication Potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;

LCA Results (continued)

			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	6.52	3.01	9.52	95.9	40.4	136
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00	0.00	0.0865	0.00	0.00	1.45
process stage	Construction	A5	0.652	0.301	1.03	9.59	3.62	17.00
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Jse stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	В5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
End of life	Transport	C2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Waste processing	C3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Disposal	C4	0.00	0.00	0.717	0.00	0.00	12.8
otential enefits and bads beyond ne system oundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00	0.00	-3.09	0.00	0.00	-26.8

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource

LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water

			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m ³
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Draduatatara	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00298
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.59E-05
process stage	Construction	A5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000871
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
End of life	Transport	C2	MND	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Disposal	C4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00955
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00297

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

LCA Results (continued)

			HWD	NHWD	RWD
			kg	kg	kg
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG
Droduct store	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00538	0.263	0.00355
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	6.46E-06	0.000278	2.03E-06
	Construction	A5	0.000572	0.0938	0.000404
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0.00	0.00	0.00
Find of life	Transport	C2	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Disposal	C4	0.000862	3.24	0.000367
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-0.00109	-0.00527	-0.00105

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed;

RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

LCA Results (continued)

			CRU	MER	EE	
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
process stage	Construction	A5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.699
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
End of life	Transport	C2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Waste processing	C3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Disposal	C4	INA	INA	INA	17.2
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy

Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and additional technical information			
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results
A4 – Transport to the building site	Fuel consumption / Vehicle type (truck)	litres/km	NA
	Distance	km	915.000
	Capacity utilisation (incl. empty returns)	%	85
	Bulk density of transported products	kg/m ³	1266.670
A5 – Installation in the building	Ancillary materials for installation - Overlap	%	8
	Energy Use – Welding energy	kWh/m ²	0.016
	Waste materials from installation wastage – Installation losses	%	2
C1 – End of life deconstruction	Assumed no demolition impacts	NA	0
C3 – End of life waste processing	No information required as 100% of product goes to incineration.		
C4 – End of life disposal	Quantity of waste for disposal – membrane incineration	%	100
D –	The benefits from incineration of product and waste are credited in Module D, since in		
Reuse/Recovery/Recycling	modern incineration plants the energy of combustion is used to produce electricity and		
Potential	thermal energy.		

Summary, comments and additional information

Interpretation

The displayed results apply to Sikaplan S 1.5. To calculate results for other thicknesses, please use this formula:

Ix = ((x-0.11)/1.39)I1.5

[Ix = the unknown parameter value for Sikaplan S products with a thickness of "x" mm (e.g. 2.0 mm)]

The following chart shows the relative contributions of the different modules to the various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use in a dominance analysis. It is clear that most impacts come from Module A1-3, though the incineration of the membrane (C4) also contributes, especially for AP and GWP, due to its greenhouse gas emissions. For this reason, the Product Stage is examined more closely in the following interpretation.

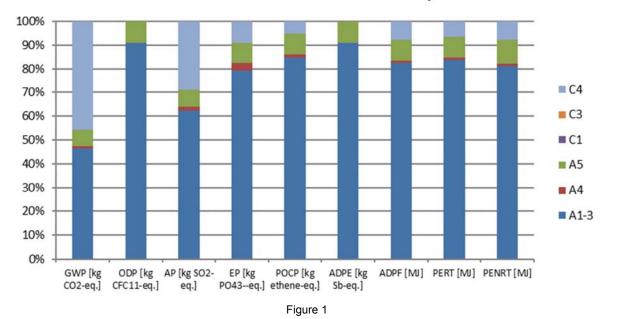
Energy resource use

Pre-product manufacturing (51%), packaging (40%) and the manufacturing process (8%) account for the total of the use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT). The manufacturing of raw materials (96%) has the greatest impact on the use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT), while the impact of the production process (due to electricity consumption) measures 3%.

Environmental impacts

The dominant influence in all impact categories for Module A1-A3 comes from pre-product manufacturing (at least 92% in each case). Within pre-product manufacturing, polymers play an important role regarding Global Warming Potential (GWP), Acidification Potential for Soil and Water (AP), Eutrophication Potential (EP), Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential (POCP) and Abiotic Depletion Potential - Fossil Fuels (ADPF). The plasticiser has significant impact on Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP), and also on GWP, AP, EP, POCP and ADPF. In addition, the stabilisers impact the EP, while pigments contribute mostly to AP. The fire retardant impacts on Abiotic Depletion Potential - Elements (ADPE) , as well as to AP, and the impacts from fillers are negligible.

The raw materials with the greatest effect on the impacts also show the greatest percentage by mass of the waterproofing membrane: polymers and plasticiser. The manufacturing process (due to electricity use) contributes mostly to AP (3.3 %) and GWP (5.7%).



Relative contribution of each module for Sikaplan S1.5

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