

## Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000384

Issue 02

This is to verify that the  
**Environmental Product Declaration**  
provided by:  
**Sika Services AG**



is in accordance with the requirements of:  
**EN 15804:2012+A2:2019**  
and  
**BRE Global Scheme Document SD207**

This declaration is for:  
**1 kg Sika MonoTop®-1010**

### Company Address

Tueffenwies 16  
Zurich  
8048  
Switzerland



**BUILDING TRUST**



Signed for BRE Global Ltd

Emma Baker  
Operator

10 March 2022  
Date of this Issue

07 February 2022  
Date of First Issue

06 February 2027  
Expiry Date



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## Environmental Product Declaration

EPD Number: 000384

### General Information

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804+A2 PN 514
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool
Sika Services AG Tueffenwies 16 Zurich 8048 Switzerland	Sika Technology AG Tueffenwies 16 Zurich 8048 Switzerland <a href="http://www.sika.com/sustainability">www.sika.com/sustainability</a>
Declared Unit	Applicability/Coverage
1 kg of concrete repair coating	Product Average.
EPD Type	Background database
Cradle to Gate with options	GaBi
Demonstration of Verification	
CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup>	
Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 <input type="checkbox"/> Internal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External	
(Where appropriate <sup>b</sup> )Third party verifier: Nigel Jones	
a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)	
Comparability	
Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for further guidance	

## Information modules covered

Product			Construction		Use stage							End-of-life				Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary
					Related to the building fabric					Related to the building						
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

## Manufacturing site(s)

The environmental product declaration is for 1 kg of Sika MonoTop®-1010 produced by Sika Österreich GmbH at following manufacturing facilities:

Sika Österreich GmbH  
 Bingser Dorfstraße 23  
 Postfach 168  
 6700 Bludenz  
 Austria

## Construction Product

### Product Description

Sika MonoTop®-1010 is a 1-part, cementitious, polymer-modified, coating material used as bonding primer and reinforcement corrosion protection. It contains recycled waste materials (supplementary cementitious materials) and can reduce the carbon footprint application activity calculations. Sika MonoTop®-1010 can be applied in layers with thickness of 1 mm, with a fresh density of 2.0 kg/L.

### Technical Information

Property	Value, Unit
Compressive strength after 28 days	~50 MPa
Tensile adhesion strength	~2.0 MPa
Shear adhesion strength	Pass the requirements
Diffusion resistance to water vapour	~100 µH <sub>2</sub> O
Diffusion resistance to carbon dioxide	~1200 µCO <sub>2</sub>
Corrosion test	Pass according EN 15183

Further information about the product including product data sheet can be accessed via [www.sika.com](http://www.sika.com)

### Main Product Contents

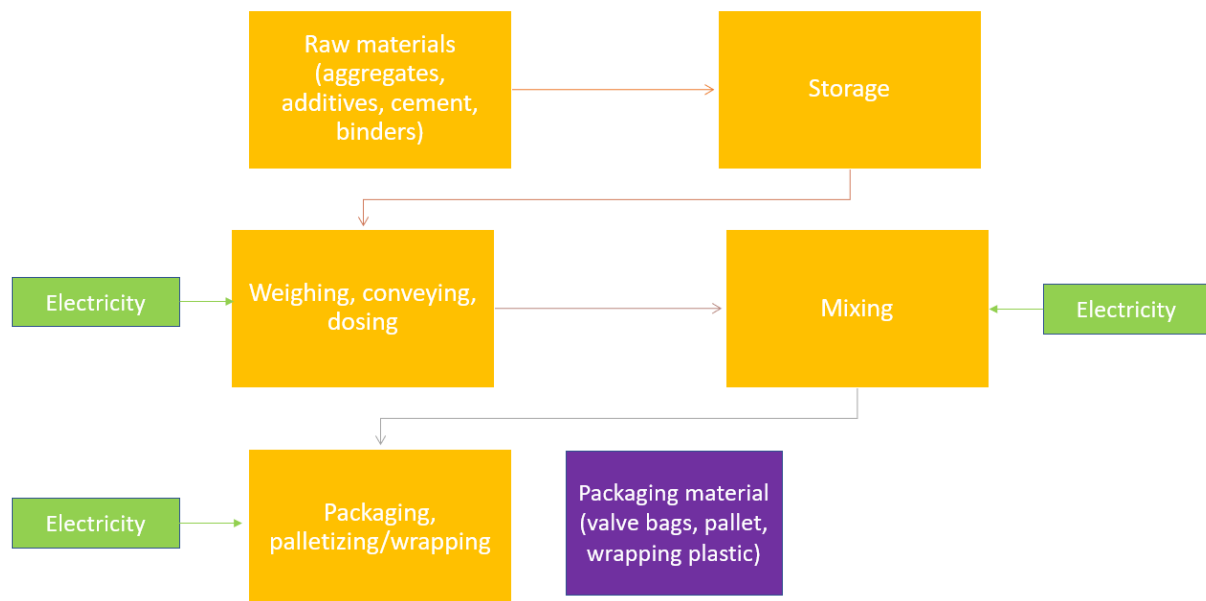
Material/Chemical Input	%
Hydraulic Binders	30 - 35
Functional Fillers	40 – 50
Supplementary Cementitious Material (SCM) Reactive Binders	10 – 15
Active Polymers and Additives	0 – 3

### Manufacturing Process

The Sika MonoTop®-1010 is manufactured in a conventional mortar plant in Bludenz, Austria.

The raw materials are stored after the quality control testing is passed. The majority of the raw materials are dosed automatically into the mixers after the weighing and dosing phase. If resulting material does not pass the quality test, it will be reworked and send back to the mixing station. After confirming expected results it is send to the packaging station.

### Process flow diagram



### Construction Installation

Sika MonoTop®-1010 is a bonding primer and reinforcement corrosion protection cement-based slurry that is applied over the prepared steel rebars and concrete substrate after a proper mixing with water. The material can be hand applied or machine applied depending on the volume and area to be applied. The consumption of the material will depend on the roughness and quality of the substrate, as average is between 1.5 and 2.0 kg/m<sup>2</sup>/mm. The product is only intended for professional use. Please refer to the product data sheet and method statement for detailed instructions.

## Use Information

During the services life of the building or infrastructure there is no extraordinary maintenance, repair/refurbishment or replacement required, if Sika MonoTop®-1010 is correctly and properly applied.

The high durability and reliability of the structural concrete repair mortar Sika MonoTop®-1010 will limit any repair work to a minimum.

## End of Life

At the end of its service life the building is demolished and as the Sika MonoTop®-1010 is attached to the concrete/ steel it is generally taken to landfill. The demolition process concerns mainly the concrete structure of which Sika MonoTop®-1010 is a minor part.

## Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

### Declared unit description

1 kg Sika MonoTop®-1010.

### System boundary

In accordance with the modular approach as defined in EN 15804, this cradle to gate with options EPD includes the product stage (A1-A3), construction process stage (A4-A5), end-of-life stage (C1-C4) and benefits beyond the system boundary (D).

### Data sources, quality and allocation

The primary data provided by Sika derive from the plant in Bludenz, Austria for 2020. Mass allocation was applied to generate data per declared unit of product. Background LCI datasets are taken from the databases of GaBi software and ecoinvent Version 3.7.1. All datasets are less than 10 years old.

Benefits from incineration of packaging are included as benefits in Module D; this also applies to the reuse of wooden pallets.

### Cut-off criteria

All data was taken into consideration (recipe constituents, thermal energy used, electricity used). Transportation was considered for all inputs and outputs. The manufacturing of the production machines and systems and associated infrastructure were not considered in the LCA.

## LCA Results

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts			GWP-total	GWP-fossil	GWP-biogenic	GWP-luluc	ODP	AP	EP-freshwater
			kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CFC11 eq	mol H <sup>+</sup> eq	kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	4.72E-01	4.79E-01	-7.64E-03	4.54E-04	3.27E-09	7.01E-04	7.85E-06
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	7.56E-03	7.51E-03	-9.57E-06	6.15E-05	9.59E-19	2.35E-05	2.23E-08
	Construction	A5	3.70E-03	1.04E-03	2.67E-03	3.06E-07	-1.33E-10	-1.13E-05	-1.06E-10
Use stage	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	6.18E-04	6.41E-04	-2.81E-05	5.06E-06	7.89E-20	3.04E-06	1.83E-09
	Transport	C2	7.52E-03	7.46E-03	-9.52E-06	6.11E-05	9.53E-19	2.33E-05	2.22E-08
	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	1.47E-02	1.51E-02	-4.39E-04	4.45E-05	5.94E-17	1.08E-04	2.55E-08
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	3.58E-02	-8.41E-03	4.42E-02	-5.15E-07	-8.42E-10	-5.31E-05	-2.21E-06

GWP-total = Global warming potential, total;  
 GWP-fossil = Global warming potential, fossil;  
 GWP-biogenic = Global warming potential, biogenic;  
 GWP-luluc = Global warming potential, land use and land use change;

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer;  
 AP = Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance; and  
 EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment

## LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

			Parameters describing environmental impacts						
			EP-marine	EP-terrestrial	POCP	ADP-mineral&metals	ADP-fossil	WDP	PM
			kg N eq	mol N eq	kg NMVOC eq	kg Sb eq	MJ, net calorific value	m <sup>3</sup> world eq deprived	disease incidence
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.33E-04	2.56E-03	6.48E-04	3.79E+00	3.39E-07	3.63E-02	1.69E+00
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	1.08E-05	1.21E-04	2.11E-05	9.99E-02	5.71E-10	6.52E-05	7.22E-02
	Construction	A5	-4.35E-07	-3.49E-06	-2.09E-06	-2.65E-02	4.46E-12	7.28E-04	2.57E-03
Use stage	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	1.43E-06	1.58E-05	4.03E-06	8.22E-03	4.70E-11	5.36E-06	5.94E-03
	Transport	C2	1.07E-05	1.20E-04	2.10E-05	9.93E-02	5.68E-10	6.48E-05	7.18E-02
	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	2.80E-05	3.07E-04	8.47E-05	2.01E-01	1.43E-09	1.62E-03	1.14E-01
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-7.04E-04	-1.31E-04	-5.18E-05	-1.67E-01	-2.83E-08	-5.28E-03	-1.80E-01

EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment;  
 EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, accumulated exceedance;  
 POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone;  
 ADP-mineral&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources;

ADP-fossil = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer;  
 WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption; and  
 PM = Particulate matter.

## LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

			Parameters describing environmental impacts				
			IRP	ETP-fw	HTP-c	HTP-nc	SQP
			kBq U <sup>235</sup> eq	CTUe	CTUh	CTUh	dimensionless
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	6.77E-11	3.14E-09	1.57E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	1.46E-12	8.55E-11	3.43E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Construction	A5	-7.04E-14	3.74E-12	2.17E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Use stage	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	1.20E-13	7.21E-12	2.82E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	C2	1.45E-12	8.50E-11	3.41E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	1.69E-11	1.86E-09	4.24E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-2.69E-11	-1.46E-10	-3.05E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

IRP = Potential human exposure efficiency relative to U235;  
ETP-fw = Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems;  
HTP-c = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans;

HTP-nc = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; and  
SQP = Potential soil quality index.



## LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, primary energy			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	7.70E-01	1.11E-01	8.81E-01	3.80E+00	7.77E-03	3.81E+00
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	5.58E-03	0.00E+00	5.58E-03	1.00E-01	0.00E+00	1.00E-01
	Construction	A5	1.03E-01	-1.11E-01	-7.77E-03	7.77E-03	-7.77E-03	0.00E+00
Use stage	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	4.59E-04	0.00E+00	4.59E-04	8.23E-03	0.00E+00	8.23E-03
	Transport	C2	5.54E-03	0.00E+00	5.54E-03	9.95E-02	0.00E+00	9.95E-02
	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	2.71E-02	0.00E+00	2.71E-02	2.01E-01	0.00E+00	2.01E-01
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-5.43E-01	0.00E+00	-5.43E-01	-1.67E-01	0.00E+00	-1.67E-01

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;  
 PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;  
 PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;  
 PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;  
 PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource

## LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water						
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m <sup>3</sup>
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.64E-03
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.38E-06
	Construction	A5	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Use stage	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.25E-07
	Transport	C2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.35E-06
	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.94E-05
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-1.24E-04

SM = Use of secondary material;  
RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels;  
FW = Net use of fresh water

## LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing waste categories			HWD	NHWD	RWD
			kg	kg	kg
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.34E-09	6.73E-03	5.64E-05
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	5.04E-12	1.49E-05	1.21E-07
	Construction	A5	5.69E-14	5.98E-06	-2.16E-06
Use stage	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND
	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	4.15E-13	1.22E-06	9.96E-09
	Transport	C2	5.01E-12	1.48E-05	1.20E-07
	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	2.14E-11	1.00E+00	2.07E-06
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-3.57E-12	-6.56E-06	-9.32E-07

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed;  
 NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed;  
 RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

## LCA Results (continued)

			Other environmental information describing output flows – at end of life					
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE	Biogenic carbon (product)	Biogenic carbon (packaging)
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier	kg C	kg C
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MND	2.30E-3
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR
	Construction	A5	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.18E-03	MNR	MNR
Use stage	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
End of life	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR
	Transport	C2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR
	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR
	Disposal	C4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR

CRU = Components for reuse;  
MFR = Materials for recycling

MER = Materials for energy recovery;  
EE = Exported Energy

## Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and additional technical information			
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results
A4 – Transport to the building site	Transport of Sika MonoTop®-1010 to the building site		
	Diesel / Euro 5 Truck	L/100 km	0.0025
	Distance:	km	100
	Capacity utilisation (incl. empty returns)	%	61
	Bulk density of transported products	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	1.08
A5 – Construction installation	Treatment of packaging material (incineration)	%	100
C1 to C4 End of life,	Dismantling and transport of Sika MonoTop®-1010 to final disposal		
	Transport of the product to site of disposal	km	50
	Diesel	L/100 km	0.0025
	Capacity utilization	%	61
	Waste for final disposal to landfill	%	100
Module D	The benefits from incineration of waste produced during installation are credited in Module D as avoided generation of electricity and thermal. The partial reuse of pallets from packaging is also included in Module D as avoided production of new pallets.		

## Summary, comments and additional information

### Interpretation

Figure 1 shows the relative contributions of the different modules to the various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use in a dominance analysis.

As can be seen from the results, the product stage (Modules A1-A3) contributes the most significantly to all environmental impact categories and primary energy use. For this reason, the product stage is examined more closely in the following interpretation.

The dominant influence in all environmental impact categories arises from the raw materials involved in the production of the product, which represent at least 90% of the impacts in each environmental impact category. The exceptions are ODP, EP-freshwater, and PERT. For ODP, 14% of the impacts arise from the production process, 3% from the packaging and 83% from the raw materials. For EP-freshwater, 15% of the impacts arise from the production process, 11% from the packaging and 74% from the raw materials. For PERT, 6% of the impacts arise from the production process, 17% from the packaging and 76% from the raw materials.

Within the raw materials, the binders play an important role in terms of GWP (79%), AP (59%), EP -marine (62%), EP-terrestrial (62%), POCP (62%), and PERT (85%). The influence of the additives can be seen in ODP (100%), EP - freshwater (96%), ADPE (94%) and WDP (84%). The influence of the fillers is minimal compared to the other material components, although they make up a relatively high proportion of the total product formulation.

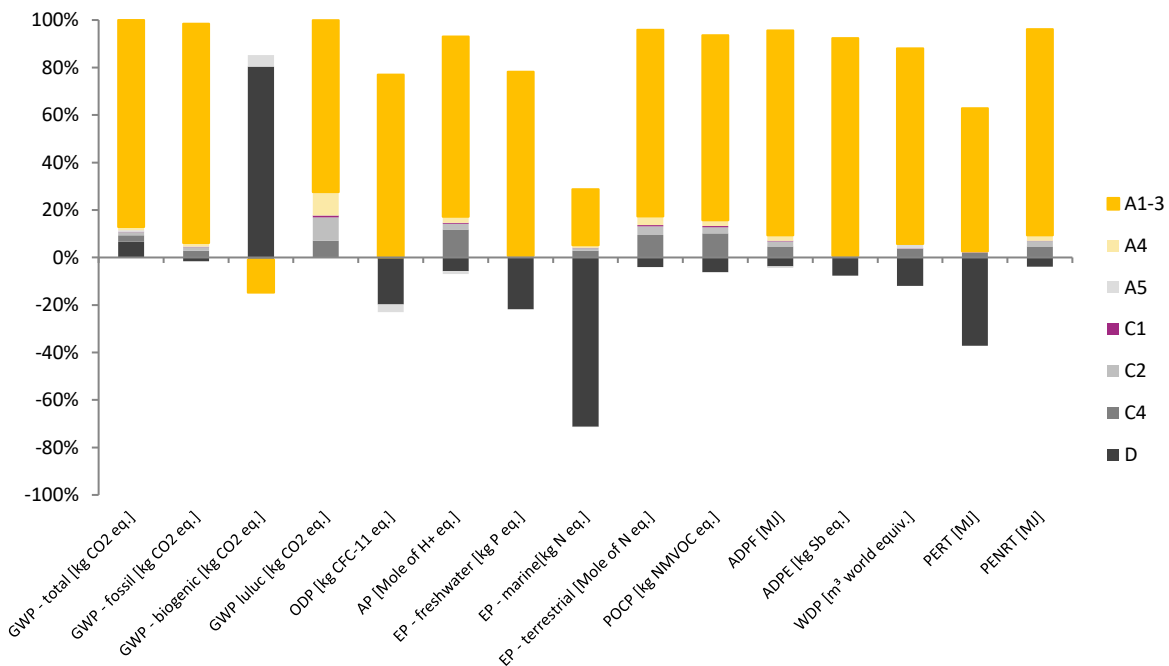


Figure 1: Relative contribution of the modules to the impact categories and primary energy demand for 1 kg Sika MonoTop®-1010.

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